Common Magic

Learning Goals

- interpret the title of a poem
- closely examine a poet's use of language and poetic devices
- analyze a poem's thesis
- research and develop a photo or art essay

Your best friend falls in love and her brain turns to water.
You can watch her lips move, making the customary sounds, but you can see they're merely words, flimsy as bubbles rising from some golden sea where she swims sleek and exotic as a mermaid.

It's always like that.
You stop for lunch in a crowded restaurant and the waitress floats toward you. You can tell she doesn't care whether you have the baked or french-fried and you wonder if your voice comes in bubbles too.

It's not just women either. Or love for that matter. The old man across from you on the bus holds a young child on his knee; he is singing to her and his voice is a small boy turning somersaults in the green country of his blood.

It's only when the driver calls his stop that he emerges into this puzzle of brick and tiny hedges. Only then you notice his shaking hands, his need of the child to guide him home.

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clawed by weather you can't feel clack dry tongues at passersby while adolescents seethe in their glassy atmospheres of anger.

In parks, the children are alien life-forms, rooted in the galaxies they've grown through to get here. Their games weave the interface and their laughter tickles that part of your brain where smells are hidden and the nuzzling textures of things.

It's a wonder that anything gets done at all: a mechanic flails at the muffler of your car through whatever storm he's trapped inside and the mailman stares at numbers from the haze of a distant summer.

Yet somehow letters arrive and buses remember their routes. Banks balance. Mangoes ripen on the supermarket shelves. Everyone manages. You gulp the thin air of this planet as if it were the only one you knew. Even the earth you're standing on seems solid enough. It's always the chance word, unthinking gesture that unlocks the face before you. Reveals the intricate countries deep within the eyes. The hidden lives, like sudden miracles, that breathe there.

(Responding Activities p. 19)

Poet and essayist Bronwen Wallace was born in Kingston and educated at Queen's University. Her political activism led her to work with auto workers, to co-found a women's bookstore, and to work in a battered women's shelter. She was also a creative writing teacher at Queen's University. Marrying in the Family (1980) was her first volume of poetry. Her other publications include the book of stories People You'd Trust Your Life To (1990). Wallace also wrote essays and created two films. (Born Kingston, Ontario 1945; died 1989)



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- In stanza one, present the effect of the inexperience on the speaker's heart and head.
- In stanza two, present another effect of the second kind of inexperience.
 End the stanza with a statement of what you learned that ties into the metaphor.
- Present a dramatic reading of your poem.

Common Magic - Bronwen Wallace

Meaning

- 1. The title of this poem is an *oxymoron*. Based on your reading of the poem, explain how magic can be common. How can a contradiction like this be true?
- 2. Each of the first three stanzas is a character sketch of someone who is transformed by "common magic." Describe the characters and identify the common magic that transforms each of them.

Form and Style

- 3. What literary device is used in the lines, "All over the city / you move in your own seasons / through the seasons of others"? How does this device help the poet make suggestions about society?
- 4. a) Why does Wallace describe the children as "alien life-forms" in stanza five? What does this metaphor imply about children? About adults? Is the metaphor appropriate? Why or why not?
 - b) Another line states that the children's games "weave the interface." Between what? What else in this stanza creates an "interface"? How?

Creative Extension

5. The poem ends with the lines:

It's always the chance word, unthinking gesture that unlocks the face before you. Reveals the intricate countries deep within the eyes. The hidden lives, like sudden miracles, that breathe there.

These lines can be considered the poem's *thesis* or controlling idea. Paraphrase the poem's conclusion in your journal and write on the following questions. Do the examples in the poem make this conclusion logical? Why or why not? Do you agree with the poet's conclusion? Explain your views.

Create a photo or art essay on the theme of "common magic." Research appropriate visuals in various sources including magazines, the Internet, books, and newspapers. Make your selections carefully to express your interpretation of the Iheme. Your concluding visual should be a strong one summarizing your main idea. Include titles or captions as appropriate. In your journal, keep a running commentary explaining how you conduct your research and make your selections.